

WEDNESDAY, July 31, 1889.

The Convention assembled at 2o'clock p. m., pursuant to adjournment.

The President presiding.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The roll was called, all members being present except Mr. Budge, who was excused.

The Journal of the preceding session was read and approved.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES.

The Committee on Preamble and Bill of Rights presented the following report:

MR. PRESIDENT:

Your Committee on Preamble and Bill of Rights respectfully report the following as adopted by said committee, viz:

PREAMBLE.

Almighty God, in his infinite mercy, having prospered us as a territory, and looking to him for a blessing upon our present endeavor to secure and transmit unimpaired to succeeding generations the liberty we now enjoy, and that we may form a more perfect government, establish justice, insure peace and domestic tranquility, provide for the common defense and promote general prosperity to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the State of North Dakota.

ARTICLE I.

DECLARATION OF RIGHTS.

SECTION 1. All men are by nature equally free and independent, and have certain inalienable rights, among which are those of enjoying and defending life and liberty; acquiring, possessing and protecting property and reputation, and pursuing and obtaining safety and happiness.

SEC. 2. All political power is inherent in the people, government is instituted for the protection, security and benefit of the people, and they have a right to alter or reform the same whenever the public good may require it.

SEC. 3. The state of North Dakota is an inseparable part of the American Union, and the Constitution of the United States is the supreme law of the land.

SEC. 4. The free exercise and enjoyment of religious profession and worship, without discrimination or preference, shall forever be guaranteed in this state; and no person shall be rendered incompetent to be a witness or juror on account of his opinion on matters of religious belief; but the liberty of conscience hereby secured shall not be so construed as to excuse acts of licentiousness, or justify practices inconsistent with the peace or safety of this state.

SEC. 5. The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended unless when in cases of rebellion or invasion, the public safety may require.

SEC. 6. All persons shall be bailable by sufficient sureties, unless for capital offenses when the proof is evident or the presumption great. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor shall cruel or unusual punishments be inflicted. Witnesses shall not be unreasonably detained, nor confined in any room where criminals are actually imprisoned.

SEC. 7. The right of trial by jury shall be secured to all, and remain inviolate, but a jury in civil cases and courts not of record may consist of less than twelve men, as may be prescribed by law.

SEC. 8. That until otherwise provided by law, no person shall for a felony be proceeded against criminally, otherwise than by indictment, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia when in actual service in time of war or public danger. In all other cases offenses shall be prosecuted criminally by indictment or information. The Legislature may change, regulate or abolish the grand jury system.

SEC. 9. Every man shall have the right freely to write, speak and publish his opinions on all subjects, being responsible for the abuse of that privilege. In all civil or criminal trials for libel the truth may be given in evidence, and shall be sufficient defense when the matter is published with good motives and for justifiable ends; and the jury shall have the same power of giving a general verdict as in other cases of the jury; and in all indictments or informations for libels the jury shall have the right to determine the law and the facts, under the direction of the court, as in other cases.

SEC. 10. The citizens have a right in a peaceable manner to assemble together for their common good, and apply to those invested with the powers of government for redress of grievances or other proper purposes, by petition, address, or remonstrance.

SEC. 11. All laws of a general nature shall have a uniform operation.

SEC. 12. The military shall be subordinate to the civil power. No standing army shall be kept up by this state in time of peace, and no soldier shall in time of peace be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war, except in the manner prescribed by law.

SEC. 13. In criminal prosecutions in any court whatever, the party accused shall have the right to a speedy and public trial; to have the process of the court to compel the attendance of witnesses in his behalf, and to appear and defend in person and with council. No person shall be twice put in jeopardy for the same offense, nor be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law.

SEC. 14. Private property shall not be taken or damaged for public use without just compensation having been first made to, or paid into court, for the owner, and no right of way shall be appropriated to the use of any corporation other than municipal, until full compensation therefor be first made in money or ascertained and paid into court for the owner, irrespective of any benefit for any improvement proposed by such corporation, which compensation shall be ascertained by a jury, unless a jury be waived as in other civil cases in a court of record, as shall be prescribed by law.

SEC. 15. No person shall be imprisoned for debt unless upon refusal to deliver up his estate for the benefit of his creditors, in such manner as shall be prescribed by law, or in cases of tort, or where there is strong presumption of fraud.

SEC. 16. No bill of attainder, *ex post facto* law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts shall ever be passed.

SEC. 17. Neither slavery or involuntary servitude, unless for the punishment of crime, shall ever be tolerated in this state.

SEC. 18. The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated; and no warrant shall issue but on probable cause supported by oath or affirmation, particularly describing the place to be searched and the persons and things to be seized.

SEC. 19. Treason against the state shall consist only in levying war against it, adhering to its enemies or giving them aid and comfort. No person

shall be convicted of treason unless on the evidence of two witnesses to the same overt act, or confession in open court.

SEC. 20. No special privileges or immunities shall ever be granted, which may not be altered, revoked or repealed by the Legislature; nor shall any citizen or class of citizens be granted privileges or immunities, which, upon the same terms, shall not be granted to all citizens.

SEC. 21. The provisions of this Constitution are mandatory and prohibitory, unless by express words they are declared to be otherwise.

SEC. 22. All courts shall be open; and every man for an injury done him in his lands, goods, person or reputation shall have remedy by due course of law, and right and justice administered without sale, denial, or delay. Suits may be brought against the state in such manner, in such courts and in such cases as the Legislature may by law direct.

SEC. 23. To guard against transgressions of the high powers which we have delegated, we declare that everything in this article is excepted out of the general powers of government and shall forever remain inviolate.

Your committee further return Files Nos. 12, 38, 69, 74, 89 and 106, with the recommendation that they be not acted upon, as they have been covered in committee's report. File No. 57 was adopted.

R. N. STEVENS,
Chairman.

Mr. Scott moved that the reading at length of the report be dispensed with until the report is printed.

Which motion prevailed.

REPORT OF SPECIAL COMMITTEE.

The special committee on irrigation of arid lands submitted the following report:

MR. PRESIDENT:

Your special committee to whom was referred the resolution introduced by Mr. Camp on the 26th day of July, 1889, providing that a certain memorial be submitted to the United States senate committee on irrigation and reclamation of arid lands, respectfully report that they recommend the adoption of said resolution, and that an engrossed copy of said memorial, together with the entries in the Journal of this Convention, relating to the introduction and referring to said resolution. The report thereon and the proceedings had on such report be at once signed by the President and chief clerk of the Convention, and forwarded to the said senate committee through Mr. Lyman R. Casey, a citizen of this territory, actively interested in matters referred to in said memorial, who will be before said committee at St. Paul, on the first proximo. Respectfully.

F. B. FANCHER, Chairman,
J. D. MCKENZIE,
O. G. MEACHAM.

Mr. Blewett moved that the report of the committee be adopted.
Which motion prevailed.

The report of the Committee of the Whole for July 30, as follows, was read:

MR. PRESIDENT:

Your Committee of the Whole have had under consideration File No. 130, and recommend that section 3 be amended as follows: That after the word "saleable," in line 8, the words "at not less than \$10 per acre" be stricken out, and that when so amended the section be adopted.

Also, recommend that in the first line of section 4 the word "schools" be stricken out and the word "instruction" be inserted in lieu thereof, and that when so amended the section be adopted.

Also, recommend that section 5 be adopted as a section of the Constitution.

Also, recommend that in line 12 of section 6 the words "not less than" be stricken out.

Also, recommend that section six be further amended by adding after the last word of the section, the following words: "*Providing*, that all lands contracted to be sold by the state shall be subject to taxation from date of such contract," and that when so amended the section be adopted.

Also, recommend that section seven be adopted.

Also, recommend that section eight be adopted.

Also, recommend that section nine be adopted.

Also, recommend that section ten be adopted.

Also, recommend that section eleven be adopted.

Also, recommend that section twelve be adopted.

Also, recommend that section thirteen be adopted.

The committee have also had under consideration File No. 125, and recommend that section one be adopted.

Also, recommend that section two be adopted.

Also, recommend that the Article be amended by the addition of the following as section three:

SEC. 1. No municipal corporation shall ever become indebted in any manner or for any purpose in any amount, in the aggregate, including existing indebtedness, including four (4) per centum, upon the value of the taxable property within such corporation, to be ascertained from the last assessment for state and county taxes previous to the incurring of such indebtedness, and all bonds or obligations in excess of such amount, except as hereinafter provided, given by such corporation, shall be void; *provided*, however, that any incorporated city may become indebted in an amount not exceeding four per centum on the value of such taxable property without regard to the existing indebtedness of such city, for the purpose of constructing or purchasing water works for furnishing a supply of water to the citizens of such city, and for no other purpose whatever.

The committee have also had under consideration File No. 123, being the report of the Committee on Elective Franchise and recommend that Section 1 be adopted. The committee report progress and ask leave to sit again.

A. S. PARSONS,

Chairman.

Mr. Noble moved that File 130 be reconsidered and referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Which motion was lost.

Mr. Selby moved that the Convention do now resolve itself into Committee of the Whole to consider the report of the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Moer moved as an amendment that the Convention resolve itself into Committee of the Whole to consider the report of the Committee on Elective Franchise.

Which amendment was adopted, and the original motion as amended prevailed.

Mr. Blewett moved that the president of the Convention act as chairman of the Committee of the Whole during this session.

Which motion prevailed.

When the committee rose the following reports were presented:

MR. PRESIDENT:

Your Committee of the Whole have had under consideration the majority and minority reports of the Committee on Elective Franchise, and recommend that the following be adopted as section (2) two of the article on elective franchise:

"The Legislature shall be empowered to make further extensions of suffrage hereafter at its discretion to all citizens of mature age and sound mind, not convicted of crime, without regard to sex, but shall not restrict suffrage without a vote of the people."

Also recommend that the following be adopted as section (3) three:

"Electors shall in all cases except treason, felony, breach of the peace or illegal voting, be privileged from arrest on the days of election during their attendance at, in going to and returning from such election, and no elector shall be obliged to perform military duty on the day of election, except in time of war or public danger."

Also recommend that the following be adopted as section four (4):

"All general elections shall be biennial."

Also recommend that the following be adopted as section five (5):

"No elector shall be deemed to have lost his residence in this state by reason of his absence on business of the United States or of this state, or in the military or naval service of the United States."

Also recommend that the following be adopted as section six (6):

"No soldier, seaman or marine in the army or navy of the United States shall be deemed a resident of this state in consequence of his being stationed therein."

Also recommend that the following be adopted as section seven (7):

"No person under guardianship, *non compos mentis*, or insane, shall be qualified to vote at any election, nor shall any person convicted of treason or felony be qualified to vote at any election unless restored to civil rights."

Also recommend that the following be adopted as section eight (8):

"Any woman having the qualifications enumerated in section 1 of this article as to age, residence and citizenship, and including those now qualified by the laws of the territory, may vote at any election held solely for school purposes."

Also, recommend that the following be adopted as section nine (9):

"All elections by the people shall be by secret ballot, subject to such regulations as shall be provided by law."

The committee also considered the recommendation of the Committee on Elective Franchise; i. e., that the Australian election bill, known as "Council Bill No. 60," be incorporated in the schedule of this Convention, with the proviso that the Legislature may alter or amend as they deem proper, and recommend that the recommendation be not adopted.

F. B. FANCHER,
Chairman.

The committee took a recess for ten minutes, and upon reassembling the President called Mr. Noble to the chair.

Mr. Williams moved that the further reading of the report of the Committee of the Whole until printed in the Journal be postponed.

Which motion prevailed.

MR. PRESIDENT:

Your Committee of the Whole have had under consideration Files No. 121 and 131, being the majority and minority reports of the Committee on Judiciary Department, and recommend that sections 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 of File No. 121 be adopted.

Also, recommend that section 8 of File No. 121 be amended as follows: In line 3 strike out the word "two" and insert the word "three" in lieu thereof; also, in the same line, strike out the word "four" and insert the word "five"; also, in line 4, strike out the word "six" and insert the word "seven."

Also, recommend that section 9 be adopted.

Also, recommend that section 10 be amended by striking out the word "five," in the fourth line, and inserting in lieu thereof the word "three."

The committee reports progress and asks leave to sit again.

V. B. NOBLE, Chairman.

Mr. Stevens moved that when the convention adjourn it assemble at 10 o'clock a. m., August 1.

Mr. Blewett introduced the following resolution as a substitute and moved its adoption.

Be it Resolved, That this Convention hold two sessions daily, commencing Thursday, August 1, one to commence at 2 o'clock p. m. and one to commence at 8 p. m.

Which resolution was adopted.

Mr. Bartlett of Griggs, moved that when the Convention adjourn it adjourn to meet at 8 o'clock p. m. to-night.

Which motion prevailed.

The Committee on Corporations Other than Municipal submitted the following report:

MR. PRESIDENT:

Your Committee on Corporations Other than Municipal, to whom was referred Files Nos. 1, 4, 56, 83, 90, 91, 94 and 104, have had the same under consideration, and a majority of the committee have instructed me to report as follows:

They have had File No. 1 under consideration and report the same back, with the recommendation that it be not adopted.

They have had File No. 4 under consideration and report the same back, with amendments and alterations, and as so amended and altered do recommend that it be adopted: the File as amended being hereto annexed.

They have had file No. 56 under consideration and do recommend that it be returned to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

They have had File No. 83 under consideration and recommend that the same be adopted as section 16 of File No. 4.

They have had File No. 90 under consideration and recommend that the same be adopted as section 17 of File No. 4.

They have had File No. 91 under consideration and do recommend that the same be not adopted.

They have had File No. 94 under consideration and report the same back to the Convention, with the recommendation that it be not adopted, the provisions thereof being incorporated in File No. 4.

They have also considered File No. 104 and do recommend that it be not adopted, the provisions thereof being incorporated in File No. 83.

M. N. JOHNSON,
Chairman.

ARTICLE ———

CORPORATIONS.

SECTION 1. No corporation shall be created or have its charter extended, changed or amended by special laws except those for charitable, educational, penal or reformatory purposes, which are to be and remain under the patronage and control of the state; but the Legislature shall provide by general laws for the organization of all corporations hereafter to be created.

SEC. 2. All existing charters or grants of special or exclusive privileges, under which a bona fide organization shall not have taken place and business been commenced in good faith at the time this Constitution takes effect, shall thereafter have no validity.

SEC. 3. The Legislature shall not remit the forfeiture of the charter to any corporation now existing, nor alter or amend the same, nor pass any other general or special law for the benefit of such corporation, except upon the condition that such corporation shall thereafter hold its charter subject to the provisions of this Constitution.

SEC. 4. The exercise of the right of eminent domain shall never be abridged or so construed as to prevent the Legislature from taking the property and franchises of incorporated companies and subjecting them to public use, the same as the property of individuals; and the exercise of the police power of the state shall never be abridged or so construed as to permit corporations to conduct their business in such manner as to infringe the equal rights of individuals or the general well-being of the state.

SEC. 5. In all elections for directors or managers of a corporation, each member or shareholder may cast the whole number of his votes for one candidate or distribute them upon two or more candidates, as he may prefer.

SEC. 6. No foreign corporation shall do business in this state without having one or more places of business and an authorized agent or agents in the same upon whom process may be served.

SEC. 7. No corporation shall engage in any business other than that expressly authorized in its charter.

SEC. 8. No corporation shall issue stock or bonds except for money, labor done, or money or property actually received; and all fictitious increase of stock or indebtedness shall be void. The stock and indebtedness of corporations shall not be increased except in pursuance of general law nor without the consent of the persons holding the larger amount in value of the stock first obtained at a meeting to be held after sixty days' notice given in pursuance of law.

SEC. 9. No law shall be passed by the legislature granting the right to construct and operate a street railroad, telegraph, telephone or electric light plant, within any city, town or incorporated village, without requiring the consent of the local authorities having the control of the street or highway proposed to be occupied for such purposes.

SEC. 10. Every railroad corporation organized and doing business in this state, under the laws and authority thereof, shall have and maintain a public office or place in this state for the transaction of its business, where transfers of its stock shall be made and in which shall be kept for public inspection, books in which shall be recorded the amount of capital stock subscribed, and by whom the names of the owners of its stock and the amount owned by them respectively; the amount of stock paid in and by whom, the transfers of said stock; the amount of its assets and liabilities and the names and place of residence of its officers. The directors of every railroad corporation shall annually make a report, under oath, to the auditor of public accounts, or some officer or officers to be designated by law, of all their acts and doings, which report shall include such matters relating to railroads as may be prescribed by law, and the Legislature shall pass laws enforcing by suitable penalties the provisions of this section; *provided*, that the provisions of this section shall not be construed to apply to foreign corporations.

SEC. 11. No railroad corporation shall consolidate its stock, property or franchises with any other railroad corporation owning a parallel or competing line; and in no case shall any consolidation take place except upon public notice given at least sixty days to all stockholders, in such manner as may be provided by law. Any attempt to evade the provisions of this section, by any railroad corporation, by lease or otherwise, shall work a forfeiture of its charter.

SEC. 12. Railways heretofore constructed or that may hereafter be constructed in this state are hereby declared public highways, and all railroad and transportation companies are declared to be common carriers and subject to Legislative control; and the Legislature shall have power to enact laws regulating and controlling the rates of charges for the transportation of passengers and freight, as such common carriers from one point to another in this state.

SEC. 13. Any association or corporation organized for the purpose shall have the right to construct and operate a railroad between any point within this state, and to connect at the state line with the railroads of other states. Every railroad company shall have the right with its road to intersect, connect with or cross any other railroad, and shall receive and transport each other's passengers, tonnage and cars, loaded or empty, without delay or discrimination.

Sec. 14. Municipal and other corporations and individuals invested with the privilege of taking private property for public use shall make just compensation for property taken, injured or destroyed by the construction or enlargement of their works, highways or improvements, which compensation shall be paid or secured before such taking, injury or destruction. The Legislature is hereby prohibited from depriving any person of an appeal from any preliminary assessment of damages against any such corporations or individuals, made by viewers or otherwise; and the amount of such damages in all cases of appeal shall, on the demand of either party, be determined by a jury as in other civil cases.

Sec. 15. The term "corporations" as used in this article, shall be construed to include all joint stock companies or associations having any of the powers or privileges of corporations not possessed by individuals or partnerships.

Sec. 16. If a general banking law be enacted, it shall provide for the registry and countersigning, by an officer of the state, of all notes or bills designed for circulation, and that ample security to the full amount thereof shall be deposited with the State Treasurer for the redemption of such notes or bills.

Sec. 17. Any combination between individuals, corporations, associations, or either, having for its object or effect the controlling of the price of any product of the soil or article of manufacture or commerce, or the cost of exchange is prohibited and hereby declared unlawful and against public policy; and that any and all franchises heretofore granted or extended, or that may hereafter be granted or extended in this state, whenever the owner or owners thereof violate this article, shall be annulled and declared void and their property within the state sequestered.

The Committee on Legislative Department submitted the following report:

MR. PRESIDENT:

The committee on legislative department have reconsidered their report made on the 25th instant and a majority have agreed to recommend the adoption of file number one hundred and twenty-nine (129) when amended as follows: Section five (5) of said file be amended so as to read as follows: Section five (5). The Legislative Assembly shall fix the number of senators and divide the State into as many senatorial districts as there are senators, which districts, as nearly as may be shall be equal to each other in the number of inhabitants entitled to representation. Each district shall be entitled to one senator and no more, and shall be composed of compact and contiguous territory and no portion of any county shall be attached to any other county or part thereof so as to form a district. The districts as thus ascertained and determined shall continue until changed by law.

That section eight (8) of said file be amended so as to read as follows: Section eight (8). The House of Representatives shall be composed of not less than sixty nor more than one hundred and forty members, who shall be apportioned to and elected at large from each senatorial district.

That section eleven (11) of said file be struck out.

That section fifteen (15) of said file be amended by striking out of the sixth line of said section the words "or from the Legislative Assembly."

That section twenty-nine (29) of said file be amended by inserting the letter "M" in the second line thereof after the words "12 o'clock."

That section thirty-six (36) of said file be amended by striking out "twenty-fifth" and inserting "fortieth" in the the second line of said section.

That all of section forty (40) of said file be struck out.

That section forty-two (42) of said file be amended by striking out the word "present" in the second line thereof and inserting therefor the word "elect."

That section forty-four (44) of said file be amended by striking out in the second line thereof the words "sixty days" and inserting therefor July 1st.
And that when so amended said file do pass.

W. H. ROWE,
E. S. ROLFE,
ROBT. B. RICHARDSON,
JOHN W. SCOTT,
ADDISON LEECH,
ROGER ALLIN,
ANDREW SLOTTEN,
KNUD J. NOMLAND.

MR. PRESIDENT:

A minority of the Committee on Legislative Department submit the following as their report: They concur with the majority of the committee as to proposed amendments to sections numbered fifteen (15), twenty-nine (29), thirty-six (36), and forty-two (42), and recommend that without further amendment said file number one hundred and twenty-nine (129) do pass.

E. A. WILLIAMS,
R. M. STEVENS.

Mr. Bean moved to take a recess until 8 o'clock p. m.
Which motion prevailed.

EVENING SESSION.

The Convention reassembled at 8 o'clock p. m.

Mr. Stevens moved that the Convention resolve itself into the Committee of the Whole for the consideration of the minority and majority reports of the Committee on Judiciary Department.

Which motion prevailed, and

The President called Mr. Bean to the chair.

When the committee rose the following report was presented:

MR. PRESIDENT:

Your Committee of the whole have had under consideration the majority and minority reports of the Committee on Judiciary Department and recommend that section eleven (11) of File No. 121, being the majority report, be adopted.

Also recommend that sections twelve (12), thirteen (13), fourteen (14), fifteen (15) and sixteen (16) be adopted.

Also recommend that File No. 121 be amended by adding as section seventeen (17), eighteen (18), and nineteen (19), the following:

SEC. 17. When a judgment or decree is reversed or affirmed by the supreme court, every point fairly arising upon the record of the case shall be considered and decided, and the reasons therefor shall be concisely stated in writing, signed by the judge concurring, filed in the office of the clerk of the supreme court and preserved with a record of the case. Any judge dissenting therefrom may give the reasons of his dissent in writing over his signature.

SEC. 18. It shall be the duty of the court to prepare a syllabus of the points adjudicated in each case which shall be concurred in by a majority of the judges thereof, and it shall be prefixed to the published report of the case.

SEC. 19. The judges of the supreme court shall give their opinion upon important questions of law and upon solemn occasions, when required by the Governor, the senate or the house of representatives; and all such opinions shall be published in connection with the reported decisions of said court.

And also recommend that sections seventeen (17), eighteen (18) and nineteen (19) and the following sections of the original file be re-numbered.

Also recommend that section seventeen (17), which being re-numbered becomes section twenty (20), be amended by inserting after the word "jurisdiction" in the first line, the words "each within its territorial limits."

Also recommend that sections twenty-one (21), twenty-two (22), twenty-three (23), twenty-four (24), twenty-five (25) and twenty-six (26) be adopted.

The Committees report progress and ask leave to set again.

T. W. BEAN,
Chairman.

The President was instructed to invite the Senate Committee on Irrigation to visit the Convention on Monday next.

Mr. Lauder moved to adjourn,

Which motion prevailed, and the Convention adjourned.

JOHN G. HAMILTON,
Chief Clerk.

THURSDAY, August 1, 1889.

The Convention assembled at 2 o'clock p. m., pursuant to adjournment.

The President presiding.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The roll was called, all members being present except Mr. Camp who was excused.

Mr. Selby moved that the reading of the Journal be dispensed with.

Which motion prevailed.

Mr. Stevens introduced the following resolution and moved its adoption:

Resolved, That a committee of thirteen, of which the President of the Convention shall be Chairman, be appointed to prepare an address to the people of North Dakota on the Constitution and reasons for its adoption, a copy of which shall be furnished to each paper published in North Dakota.

Which resolution was adopted.

Mr. Allen introduced the following resolution and moved its adoption:

Resolved, That all clerks of committees now in the employ of the Convention be, and the same are, discharged from and after this date, August 1st, 1889.

Mr. Purcell moved to amend so as to apply only to such committees as have reported.

Which amendment prevailed

And the original resolution as amended was adopted.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES.

The Committee on Printing presented the following report:

MR. PRESIDENT:

Your Committee on Printing to whom was referred the resolution introduced by Mr. Parsons of Rolette, respectfully recommend that the same be